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### Fusion classes of Non-Abelian Metabelian groups of order upto <sup>24</sup>

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#### Abstract

In this paper G be the non-abelian metabelian group and denotes the fusion class of element a in G. Fusion class is an equivalence relation. A group is metabelian group if its commutator group is abelian or if it has an abelian normal subgroup in which the factor group is also abelian. There are 35 non-Abelian metabelian groups of order less than or equal to 24. In this paper, we investigate the fusion classes of all non-abelian metabelian groups of order less than or equal to 24 and the verification has been made through GAP(Groups Algorithm Programming) software.

Keywords: Metabelian groups, automorphism, fusion classes

#### Introduction

Let **G** be a finite metabelian group,  $Z_n$  denotes the cyclic group of order**n**,  $S_n$  denotes the permutation group of degree **n**,  $D_n$  denotes the dihedral group of order**2n**,  $Q_n$  denotes quaternion group. A group is said to be metabelian if **G'**, the derived subgroup of **G** is abelian. Much has been investigated about the properties of metabelian groups in the literature. In paper <sup>[3]</sup>, structure of metabelian groups of order upto **24** has been described. In paper <sup>[4]</sup>, the authors studied about the conjugacy classes of metabelian groups of order less tha**24**. In paper <sup>[1, 2]</sup>, automorphisms of some non-abelian groups of order less than or equal to **24**. In <sup>[3]</sup>, Rehman Abdul described the metabelian groups of order less than or equal to **24**.

(1) 
$$D_3 \cong S_3 \cong \langle a, b; a^3 = b^2 = 1, b \ a \ b = a^{-1} >.$$
  
(2)  $D_4 \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^2 = 1, b \ a \ b = a^{-1} >.$   
(3)  $Q_3 \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = 1, b^2 = a^2, a \ b \ a = b >.$   
(4)  $D_5 \cong \langle a, b; a^5 = b^2 = 1, b \ a \ b = a^{-1} >.$   
(5)  $Z_3 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b; a^3 = b^4 = 1, b^{-1} \ a \ b = a^2 >.$   
(6)  $A_4 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^2 = b^2 = c^3 = 1, b \ a = a \ b, c \ a = a \ b \ c, c \ b = a \ c >.$   
(7)  $D_6 \cong \langle a, b; a^6 = b^2 = 1, b \ a \ b = a^{-1} >.$   
(8)  $D_7 \cong \langle a, b; a^7 = b^2 = 1, b \ a \ b = a^{-1} >.$   
(9)  $D_8 \cong \langle a, b; a^8 = b^2 = 1, b \ a \ b = a^{-1} >.$   
(10)  $G \cong \langle a, b; a^8 = b^2 = 1, b \ a \ b = a^{-1} >.$   
(11)  $Q_{16} \cong \langle a, b; a^8 = 1, \ a^4 = b^2, \ a \ b \ a = b >.$   
(12)  $D_4 \times Z_2 \cong \langle a, b; c; a^4 = b^2 = c^2 = 1, b^2 = a^2, b \ a = a^3 \ b, a \ c = c \ a, b \ c = c \ b >.$ 

$$(14) Modular - 16 = G \cong \langle a, b; a^8 = b^2 = 1, a b = b a^5 \rangle.$$

$$(15) B \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^4 = 1, a b = b a^3 \rangle.$$

$$(16) K \cong \langle a, b; c; a^4 = b^2 = c^2 = 1, a b = b a, a c = c a, c b = a^2 b c \rangle.$$

$$(17) G_{4,4} \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^4 = (a b)^2 = 1, a b^3 = b a^3 \rangle.$$

$$(18) D_9 \cong \langle a, b; a^9 = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle.$$

$$(19) S_3 \times Z_3 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^3 = b^2 = c^3 = 1, b a = a^{-1} b, a c = c a, b c = c b \rangle.$$

$$(20) (Z_3 \times Z_3) \rtimes Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^2 = b^3 = c^3 = 1, b c = c b, b a b = a, c a c = a \rangle.$$

$$(21) D_{10} \cong \langle a, b; a^{10} = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle.$$

$$(22) Fr_{2n} \cong Z_5 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^5 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle.$$

$$(23) Z_5 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^5 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle.$$

$$(24) Fr_{21} \cong Z_7 \rtimes Z_3 \cong \langle a, b; a^3 = b^7 = 1, b a = a b^2 \rangle.$$

$$(25) D_{11} \cong \langle a, b; a^{11} = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle.$$

$$(26) S_3 \times Z_4 \cong \langle a, b; c; a^3 = b^2 = c^4 = 1, a^b = a^{-1}, a c = c a, b c = c b \rangle.$$

$$(27) S_3 \times Z_2 \times Z_2 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^3 = b^2 = c^2 = d^2 = 1, a^b = a^{-1}, a c = c a, a d = d a, b c c = c b, b d = d b, c d = d c \rangle.$$

$$(28) D_4 \times Z_3 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^3 = b^4 = c^2 = 1, b^c = b^{-1}, a b = b a, a c = c a \rangle.$$

$$(29) Q \times Z_3 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^3 = b^4 = c^2 = 1, a^b = a^{-1}, b c = c b, a c = c a \rangle.$$

$$(20) Q \times Z_3 \cong \langle a, b, c; a^2 = b^2 = c^3 = d^2 = 1, a b = b a, c a = a b c, a d = d a, a c = c b, b d = d b, c d = d c \rangle.$$

$$(31) Q_{12} \cong \langle a, b; a^{12} = 1, a^6 = b^2, b^{-1} a b = a^{-1} \rangle.$$

$$(32) D_{12} \cong \langle a, b; a^{12} = b^2 = 1, b a b = a^{-1} \rangle.$$

$$(34) Z_3 \rtimes Z_8 \cong \langle a, b; c; a^2 = b^6 = c^2 = 1, a b = b a, c = c a, (cb)^2 = 1 \rangle.$$

**Fusion classes of all non-abelian metabelian groups of order less than equal to 24 Fusion classes of groups of order 6** Fusion Classes of *D3* 

 $D_3 \cong S_3 \cong \langle a, b; a^3 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} >$ Fusion Classes are

 $\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}$  $\overline{cl(a)} = \{a, a^2\}$ 

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$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{ab, a^2b, b\}$$

So there are **3** fusion classes in  $D_3$ .

Fusion Classes of groups of order 8 Fusion classes of  $D_4$ 

$$D_4 \cong < a, b; a^4 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} >$$

Fusion Classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; (i, 2) = 1, 1 \le i < 4\}$$

$$\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2\}$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^i b; 1 \le i \le 4\}$$

Therefore, there are 4 fusion classes in  $D_4$ .

Fusion Classes of  $Q_3$ 

$$Q_3 \cong$$

Thus, the fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a, b, a^3, b^3, ab, a^3b\}$$

$$\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2\}$$

Hence the total number of fusion classes are 3 Fusion Classes of groups of order 10Fusion Classes of  $D_5$ 

$$D_5 \cong < a, b: a^5 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} >$$

Fusion Classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; (i,5) = 1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^ib; 1 \le i \le 5\}.$$

So there are 3 fusion classes Fusion Classes of groups of order 12 Fusion Classes of  $Z_3 \rtimes Z_4$ 

$$Z_3 \rtimes Z_4 \cong < a, b: a^3 = b^4 = 1, b^{-1}ab = a^2 > b^{$$

Fusion Classes are:

 $\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},\$ 

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; 1 \le i < 3\},$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^i b^j; 2 \nmid j, 0 \le i \le 2, 1 \le j \le 3\},$$

$$\overline{cl(b^2)} = \{b^2\},$$

$$\overline{cl(ab^2)} = \{a^i b^2; 1 \le i \le 2\}.$$

Hence there are 5 fusion classes Fusion Classes of  $A_4$ 

$$A_4 \cong < a, b, c: a^2 = b^2 = c^3 = 1, ba = ab, ca = abc, cb = ac > abc, cb = ac$$

**Fusion Classes are:** 

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i b^j; 0 \le i, j \le 1, i+j \ne 0\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(c)} = \{a^i b^j c^k; 0 \le i, j \le 1, k \in \{1,2\}\}.$$

Thus, total number of fusion classes are 3 Fusion Classes of  $D_6$ 

$$D_6 \cong < a, b: a^6 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} >$$

**Fusion Classes are** 

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, \\
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^{i}; i \in \{1,5\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^{2})} = \{a^{i}; i \in \{2,4\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^{3})} = \{a^{3}\}, \\
\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^{i}b; 0 \le i \le 5\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5 Fusion Classes of groups of order 14 Fusion Classes of  $D_7$ 

$$D_7 = \langle a, b; a^7 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; 1 \le i \le 6\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^i b; 0 \le i \le 6\}.$$

So there are **3** fusion classes Fusion Classes of groups of order **16** Fusion classes of **D**<sub>8</sub> Fusion Classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, 
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; (i, 2) = 1, 1 \le i < 8\}, 
\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2, a^6\}, 
\overline{cl(a^4)} = \{a^4\}, 
\overline{cl(b)} = a^i b; 0 \le i \le 7.$$

Total number of fusion classes are **5** Fusion Classes of *G* 

 $G \cong < a, b: a^8 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^3 >$ 

**Fusion Classes are** 

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, \\
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; (2,i) = 1, 1 \le i \le 8\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^{2i}; (2,i) = 1, 1 \le i \le 4\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^4)} = \{a^4\}, \\
\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^i b; \frac{2}{i}, 0 \le i < 8\}, \\
\overline{cl(ab)} = \{a^i b; (2,i) = 1, 1 \le i \le 8\}.$$

So there are 6 fusion classes Fusion Classes of  $Q_{16}$ 

$$Q_{16} \cong < a, b: a^8 = 1, a^4 = b^2, \quad aba = b >$$

**Fusion Classes are** 

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, 
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; (2,i) = 1, 1 \le i \le 8\}, 
\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2, a^6\}, 
\overline{cl(a^4)} = \{a^4\}, 
\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^i b^j; 0 \le i \le 3, j = 1, 3\}.$$

Therefore, there are **5** fusion classes

Fusion classes of  $D_4 \times Z_2$ 

$$D_4 \times Z_2 \cong  a^{-1} > ac = ca, bc = cb, bab = a^{-1} > ac = cb, bab = a^{-1} > ac = ca, bc = cb, bab = a^{-1} > ac = cb, bab = a^{-1} > cb, bab = a^{-1} > ac = cb, bab =$$

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, \\
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^{i}c^{j}; i \in \{1,3\}, j \in \{0,1\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^{k}bc^{l}; 0 \le k \le 3, l \in \{0,1\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(c)} = \{c, a^{2}c\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^{2})} = \{a^{2}\}.$$

Therefore, there are 5 fusion classes Fusion classes of  $Q_3 \times Z_2$ 

$$Q_3 \times Z_2 \cong  a^3b, ac = ca, bc = cb > a^3b, ac = ca, bc = cb > a^3b, bc = cb > a^3b, ac = ca, bc =$$

\Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a, a^3, b, b^3, ab, ac, a^3b, a^3c, bc, abc, a^2bc, a^3bc\},$$

$$\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2\},$$

$$\overline{cl(c)} = \{c, a^2c\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 4 Fusion classes of **Modular** - 16 Modular - 16 =  $G \cong \langle a, b; a^8 = b^2 = 1, ab = ba^5 \rangle$ 

Fusion classes are

$$cl(1) = \{1\},\$$

$$cl(a) = \{a^{i}b^{j}; 2 \nmid i, 1 \le i \le 8, j \in \{0,1\}\},\$$

$$cl(b) = \{b, a^{4}b\},\$$

$$cl(a^{2}) = \{a^{2}, a^{6}\},\$$

$$cl(a^{2}b) = \{a^{2}b, a^{6}b\},\$$

$$cl(a^{4}) = \{a^{4}\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 6 Fusion classes of **B** 

$$B \cong < a, b: a^4 = b^4 = 1, ab = ba^3 >$$

#### Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, \\
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^{i}b^{j}; i \in \{1,3\}, j \in \{0,2\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^{l}b^{m}; 0 \le l \le 3, m \in \{1,3\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^{2})} = \{a^{2}\}, \\
\overline{cl(b^{2})} = \{b^{2}\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^{2}b^{2})} = \{a^{2}b^{2}\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 6 Fusion classes of *K* 

$$K \cong < a, b, c: a^4 = b^2 = c^2 = 1, ab = ba, ac = ca, cb = a^2bc > c^2$$

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, \\
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^{i}; i \in \{1,3\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(b)} = \{b, c, a^{2}b, a^{2}c, abc, a^{3}bc\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^{2})} = \{a^{2}\}, \\
\overline{cl(ab)} = \{ab, ac, bc, a^{3}b, a^{3}c, a^{2}bc\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5 Fusion classes of  $G_{4,4}$ 

$$G_{4,4} \cong \langle a, b; a^4 = b^4 = (ab)^2 = 1, ab^3 = ba^3 > 0$$

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a, a^3, b, b^3, ab^2, a^2b, a^2b^3, a^3b^2\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2, b^2\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(ab)} = \{ab, a^3b, ab^3, a^3b^3\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a^2b^2)} = \{a^2b^2\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5 Fusion Classes of groups of order **18** Fusion classes of **D**<sub>9</sub>

$$D_9 \cong < a, b: a^9 = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} > b^2 = 1$$

#### **Fusion Classes are**

\_\_\_\_\_

$$cl(1) = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^{i}; 3 \nmid i, 1 \le i \le 8\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a^{3})} = \{a^{i}; i \in \{3,6\}\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^{i}b; 0 \le i \le 8\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 4 Fusion classes of  $S_3 \times Z_3$ 

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, 
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^{j}b; 0 \le j \le 2\}, 
\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^{j}b; 0 \le j \le 2\}, 
\overline{cl(c)} = \{c^{k}; 1 \le k \le 2\}, 
\overline{cl(ac)} = \{a^{i}c^{j}; 1 \le i, j \le 2\}, 
\overline{cl(bc)} = \{a^{i}bc^{j}; 0 \le i \le 2, 1 \le j \le 2\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 6 Fusion classes of  $(Z_3 \times Z_3) \rtimes Z_2$ 

 $(Z_3 \times Z_3) \rtimes Z_2 \cong <a, b, c: a^2 = b^3 = c^3 = 1, bc = cb, bab = a, cac = a > cac =$ 

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{ab^{i}c^{j}; 0 \le i, j \le 2\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{b^{k}c^{l}; 0 \le k, l \le 2, k+l \ne 0\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 3 Fusion Classes of groups of order 20 Fusion classes of  $D_{10}$ :

$$D_{10} \cong \langle a, b; a^{10} = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

$$cl(1) = \{1\},\$$
  
$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; 2 \nmid i, 5 \nmid i, 1 \le i < 10\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^i; 2/i, 1 \le i < 10\},\$$
$$\overline{cl(a^5)} = \{a^5\},\$$
$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^i b; 0 \le i \le 9\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are **5**.

# Fusion classes of $Fr_{20}$

$$Fr_{20} \cong Z_5 \rtimes Z_4 \cong \langle a, b: a^4 = b^5 = 1, ba = ab^2 \rangle$$

#### Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, 
\overline{cl(a)} = \{ab^i; 0 \le i \le 4\}, 
\overline{cl(b)} = \{b^j; 1 \le j \le 4\}, 
\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2b^i; 0 \le i \le 4\}, 
\overline{cl(a^3)} = \{a^3b^i; 0 \le i \le 4\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5 Fusion classes of  $Z_5 \rtimes Z_4$ 

$$Z_5 \rtimes Z_4 \cong$$

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, \\
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i b^j; \quad i \in \{1,3\}, 0 \le j \le 4\}, \\
\overline{cl(b)} = \{b^j; 1 \le j \le 4\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^2b)} = \{a^2 b^i; 1 \le i \le 4\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5. Fusion Classes of groups of order 21 Fusion classes of  $Fr_{21}$ 

$$Fr_{21} \cong Z_7 \rtimes Z_3 \cong$$

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{ab^i; 0 \le i \le 6\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{b^j; 1 \le j \le 6\},\$$

# $\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^2b^i; 0 \le i \le 6\}.$

Total number of fusion classes are 4 Fusion Classes of groups of order 22 Fusion Classes of  $D_{11}$ 

$$D_{11} = \langle a, b; a^{11} = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

**Fusion Classes are:** 

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; 1 \le i \le 10\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^i b; 0 \le i \le 10\}.$$

So there are 3 fusion classes Fusion classes of groups of order 24 Fusion classes of  $S_3 \times Z_4$  $S_3 \times Z_4 \cong \langle x, y, z : x^3 = y^2 = z^4 = 1, x^y = x^{-1}, xz = zx, yz = zy \rangle$ 

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, \\
\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^{i}; 1 \le i \le 2\}, \\
\overline{cl(y)} = \{x^{j}yz^{k}; 0 \le j \le 2, \quad k \in \{0,2\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(z)} = \{z^{u}; u \in \{1,3\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(xz)} = \{z^{u}; 1 \le i \le 2, \quad j \in \{1,3\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(yz)} = \{x^{i}yz^{k}; 0 \le i \le 2, \quad k \in \{1,3\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(z^{2})} = \{z^{2}\}, \\
\overline{cl(xz^{2})} = \{x^{i}z^{2}; 1 \le i \le 2\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 8

Fusion classes of  $S_3 \times Z_2 \times Z_2$ 

$$\begin{split} S_3 \times Z_2 \times Z_2 &\cong < x, y, z, w : x^3 = y^2 = z^2 = w^2 = 1, x^y = x^{-1}, xz = zx, xw = wx, yz \\ &= zy, yw = wy, zw = wz > \end{split}$$

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^i; 1 \le i \le 2\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(y)} = \{x^j y z^k w^l; 0 \le j \le 2, 0 \le k, l \le 1\},\$$

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$$cl(z) = \{z^{u}w^{v}; 0 \le u, v \le 1, \qquad u + v \ne 0\},$$
  
$$\overline{cl(xz)} = \{x^{i}z^{j}w^{k}; 1 \le i \le 2, 0 \le j, k \le 1, \qquad j + k \ne 0\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 5 Fusion classes of  $D_4 \times Z_3$ 

$$D_4 \times Z_3 \cong \langle x, y, z : x^3 = y^4 = z^2 = 1, y^z = y^{-1}, xy = yx, xz = zx > 0$$

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, 
\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^i; 1 \le i \le 2\}, 
\overline{cl(y)} = \{y^j; j \in \{1,3\}\}, 
\overline{cl(z)} = \{y^k z; 0 \le k \le 3\}, 
\overline{cl(y^2)} = \{y^2\}, 
\overline{cl(xy)} = \{x^i y^j; 1 \le i \le 2, j \in \{1,3\}\}, 
\overline{cl(xz)} = \{x^i y^j z; 1 \le i \le 2, 0 \le j \le 3\}, 
\overline{cl(xy^2)} = \{x^i y^2; 1 \le i \le 2\}.$$

Total number of fusion classes are 8 Fusion classes of  $Q \times Z_3$ 

$$Q \times Z_3 \cong < x, y, z; x^4 = z^3 = 1, x^2 = y^2, x^y = x^{-1}, yz = zy, xz = zx > z$$

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\},$$

$$\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^i y^j; 0 \le i \le 3, 0 \le j \le 1\},$$

$$\overline{cl(z)} = \{z^i; 1 \le i \le 2\},$$

$$\overline{cl(xz)} = \{x^i y^j z^k; 0 \le i \le 3, 0 \le j \le 1, 1 \le k \le 2, (i, j) \ne (0, 0), (2, 0)\},$$

$$\overline{cl(x^2)} = \{x^2\},$$

$$\overline{cl(x^2z)} = \{x^2 z^i; 1 \le i \le 1\}.$$

So the total number of fusion classes are 6 Fusion classes of  $A_4 \times Z_2$ 

$$\begin{array}{l} A_4 \times Z_2 \cong < x, y, z, w; x^2 = y^2 = z^3 = w^2 = 1, xy = yx, zx = xyz, xw = wx, xz = zy, yw = wy, zw = wz > \end{array}$$

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, 
\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^i y^j; 0 \le i, j \le 1, \quad i+j \ne 0\}, 
\overline{cl(z)} = \{x^i y^m z^n; 0 \le l, m \le 1, 1 \le n \le 2\}, 
\overline{cl(w)} = \{w\}, 
\overline{cl(xw)} = \{x^i y^j w; 0 \le i, j \le 1, \quad i+j \ne 0\}, 
\overline{cl(zw)} = \{x^i y^m z^n w; 0 \le l, m \le 1, 1 \le n \le 2\}.$$

So total number of fusion classes are 6 Fusion classes of  $Q_{12}$ 

$$Q_{12} = \langle a, b; a^{12} = 1, a^6 = b^2, b^{-1}ab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

Fusion classes are

$$cl(1) = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^{i}; 1 \le i \le 12, (i, 12) = 1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a^{2})} = \{a^{i}; i \in \{2, 10\}\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a^{3})} = \{a^{i}; i \in \{3, 9\}\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a^{4})} = \{a^{i}; i \in \{4, 8\}\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(a^{6})} = \{a^{6}\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^{j}b; 0 \le j \le 11\}.$$

So total number of fusion classes are 7 Fusion classes of  $D_{12}$ 

$$D_{12} = \langle a, b; a^{12} = b^2 = 1, bab = a^{-1} \rangle$$

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, \\
\overline{cl(a)} = \{a^i; 1 \le i \le 12, (i, 12) = 1\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^2)} = \{a^i; i \in \{2, 10\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^3)} = \{a^i; i \in \{3, 9\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^4)} = \{a^i; i \in \{4, 8\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(a^6)} = \{a^6\}, \\$$

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 $\overline{cl(b)} = \{a^j b; 0 \le j \le 11\}.$ 

So total number of fusion classes are 7 Fusion classes of  $Z_6 \rtimes Z_4$ 

$$Z_6 \rtimes Z_4 \cong < x, y: x^4 = y^6 = 1, yxy = x >$$

Fusion classes are

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$$cl(1) = \{1\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^{i}y^{j}; \quad i \in \{1,3\}, 0 \le j \le 5\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(y)} = \{x^{k}y^{l}; \quad k \in \{0,2\}, \quad l \in \{1,5\}\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(x^{2})} = \{x^{2}\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(y^{2})} = \{y^{j}; \quad j \in \{2,4\}\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(y^{3})} = \{x^{i}y^{3}; \quad i \in \{0,2\}\},\$$

$$\overline{cl(x^{2}y^{2})} = \{x^{2}y^{j}; \quad j \in \{2,4\}\}.\$$

So total number of fusion classes are 7.

Fusion classes of  $Z_3 \rtimes Z_8$ 

$$Z_3 \rtimes Z_8 \cong < x, y: x^3 = y^8 = 1, yxy^{-1} = x^{-1} >$$

Fusion classes are

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, 
\overline{cl(x)} = \{x^i; 1 \le i \le 2\}, 
\overline{cl(y)} = \{x^k y^l; 0 \le k \le 2, (2, l) = 1, 1 \le l \le 8\}, 
\overline{cl(y^2)} = \{y^j; j \in \{2, 6\}\}, 
\overline{cl(y^4)} = \{y^4\}, 
\overline{cl(xy^2)} = \{x^i y^j; 1 \le i \le 2, j \in \{2, 6\}\}, 
\overline{cl(xy^4)} = \{x^i y^4; 1 \le i \le 2\}.$$

So total number of fusion classes are 7 Fusion classes of  $Z_3 \rtimes Q$ 

$$Z_3 \rtimes Q \cong  z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, xz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, xy = yz, yz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, yz = yz, yz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, yz = yz, yz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, yz = yz, yz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, yz = yz, yz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, yz = yz, yz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, yz = yz, yz = zy, (zy)^2 = 1 > z^2 = 1, yz = yz, yz =$$

$$\overline{cl(1)} = \{1\}, \\
\overline{cl(x)} = \{x\}, \\
\overline{cl(y)} = \{x^{l}y^{m}; 0 \le l \le 1, m \in \{1,5\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(z)} = \{x^{i}y^{j}z; 0 \le i \le 1, 0 \le j \le 5\}, \\
\overline{cl(y^{2})} = \{y^{j}; j \in \{2,4\}\}, \\
\overline{cl(y^{3})} = \{x^{i}y^{3}; 0 \le i \le 1\}, \\
\overline{cl(xy^{2})} = \{xy^{j}; j \in \{2,4\}\}$$

## Thus, there are 7 fusion classes

#### Conclusion

Sr. No.	Group	order	Aut(G)	Number of fusion classes
				k(G)
	D <sub>3</sub>	6	6	3
	$D_4$	8	8	4
	$Q_3$	8	24	3
	$D_5$	10	20	3
	$Z_3 \rtimes Z_4$	12	12	5
	$A_4$	12	24	3
	$D_6$	12	12	5
	$D_7$	14	42	3
	D <sub>8</sub>	16	32	5
	G	16	16	6
	$Q_{16}$	16	32	5
	$D_4 \times Z_2$	16	64	5
	$Q_3 \times Z_2$	16	96	4
	Modular — 16	16	16	6
	В	16	32	6
	K	16	48	5
	G <sub>4,4</sub>	16	32	5
	D <sub>9</sub>	18	54	4
	$S_3 \times Z_3$	18	12	6
	$(Z_3 \times Z_3) \rtimes Z_2$	18	432	3
	D <sub>10</sub>	20	40	5
	$Fr_{20}$	20	20	5
	$Z_5 \rtimes Z_4$	20	40	5
	$Fr_{21}$	21	42	4
	D <sub>11</sub>	22	110	3
	$S_3 \times Z_4$	24	24	8
	$S_3 \times Z_2 \times Z_2$	24	144	5
	$D_4 \times Z_3$	24	48	6
	$Q \times Z_3$	24	48	6
	$A_4 \times Z_2$	24	24	6

$Q_{12}$	24		
D <sub>12</sub>	24	48	7
$Z_6 \rtimes Z_4$	24	48	7
$Z_3 \rtimes Z_8$	24	24	7
$Z_3 \rtimes Q$	24	48	7

**Theorem** The bounds of fusion classes of metabelian groups of order less than equal to 24 and given by  $3 \le k(G) \le 8$ .

Proof. Obvious from the observation obtained earlier.

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